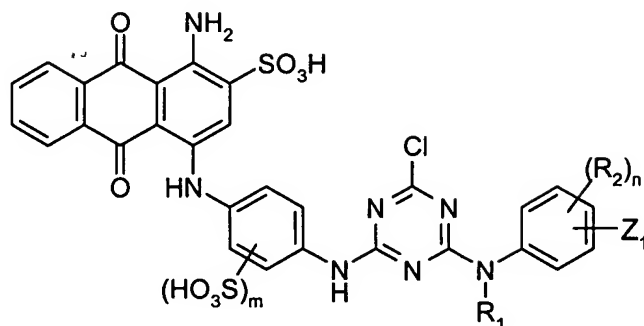


1. (original): A reactive dye of formula



(1),

wherein

R₁ is optionally substituted C₁-C₄alkyl,

R₂ is halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or sulfo,

Z₁ is a radical of formula

-SO₂-Y (2a),

-CO-NH-(CH₂)_k-SO₂-Y (2b),

-NH-CO-CH(Hal)-CH₂-Hal (2c) or

-NH-CO-C(Hal)=CH₂ (2d)

wherein

Hal is chlorine or bromine,

Y is vinyl or a radical -CH₂CH₂-U and U is a group removable under alkaline conditions,

k is the number 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6,

n is the number 0, 1 or 2 and

m is the number 0 or 1.

2. (currently amended): A reactive dye according to claim 1, wherein

R₁ is methyl or ethyl, ~~preferably ethyl.~~

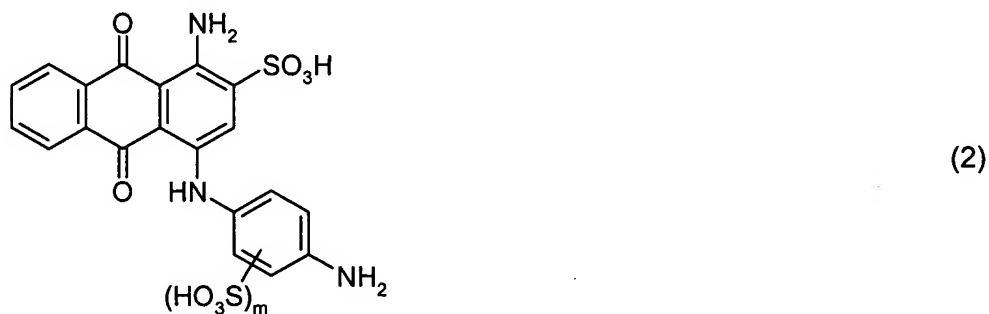
3. (currently amended): A reactive dye according to ~~either claim 1 or claim 2,~~ wherein

Z₁ is a radical of formula (2a) wherein Y is vinyl.

4. (currently amended): A reactive dye according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 3~~ claim 1, wherein

m is the number 1 and n is the number 0.

5. (currently amended): A process for the preparation of a reactive dye of formula (1) according to claim 1, which comprises reacting a compound of formula



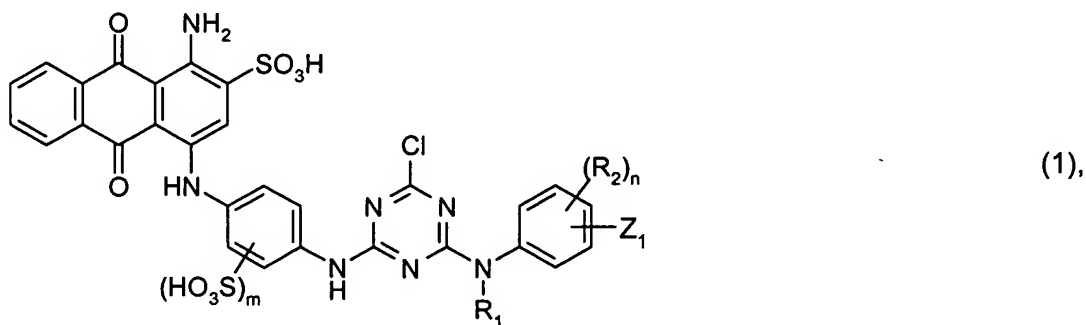
and a compound of formula



with cyanuric ~~chloride~~ chloride, R₁, R₂, Z₁, m and n being as defined in claim 1.

6-7. (cancelled).

8. (currently amended): A process for dyeing or printing a hydroxyl-group-containing or nitrogen-containing fibre material, which comprises using contacting said material with a tinctorially effective amount of at least one reactive dye of formula



wherein

R₁ is optionally substituted C₁-C₄alkyl,

R₂ is halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or sulfo,

Z₁ is a radical of formula

- SO₂-Y (2a),
-CO-NH-(CH₂)_k-SO₂-Y (2b),
-NH-CO-CH(Hal)-CH₂-Hal (2c) or
-NH-CO-C(Hal)=CH₂ (2d)

wherein

Hal is chlorine or bromine,

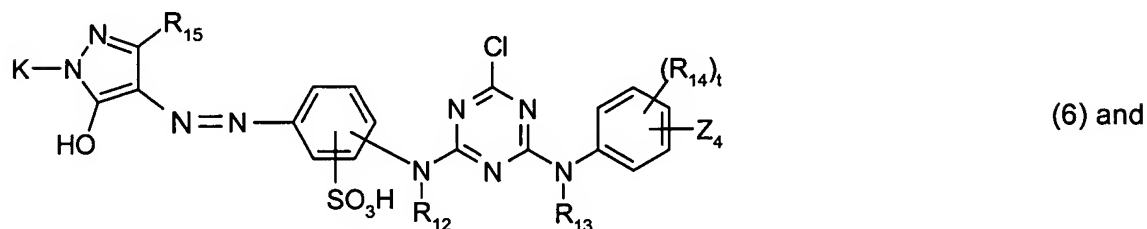
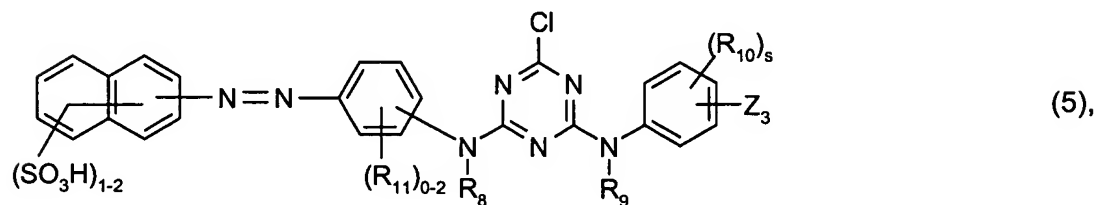
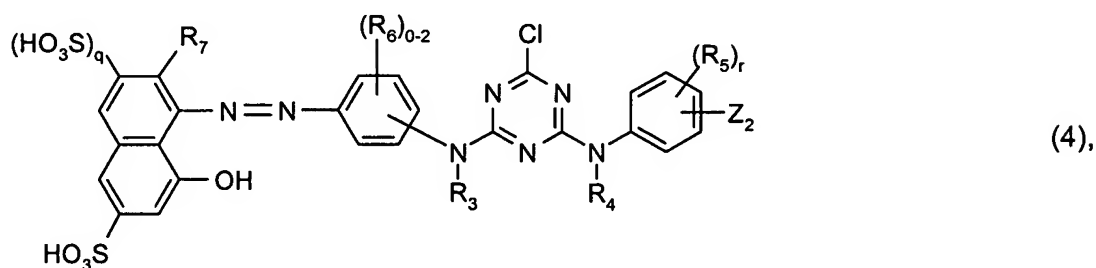
Y is vinyl or a radical -CH₂CH₂-U and U is a group removable under alkaline conditions,

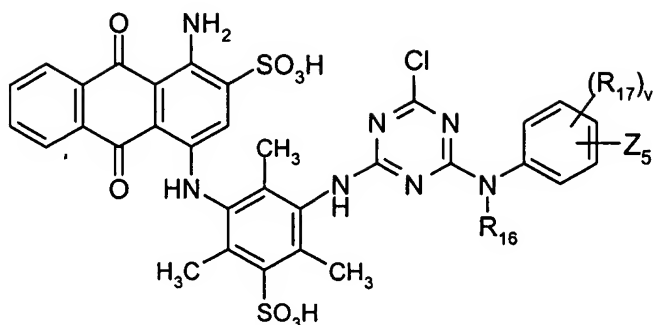
k is the number 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6,

n is the number 0, 1 or 2 and

m is the number 0 or 1; together with

at least one reactive dye selected from the group of formulae





(7)

wherein

R₃, R₄, R₈, R₉, R₁₂, R₁₃ and R₁₆ are each independently of the others hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted C₁-C₄alkyl,

R₅, R₁₀, R₁₄ and R₁₇ are each independently of the others halogen, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy or sulfo, (R₆)₀₋₂ and (R₁₁)₀₋₂ are each independently of the other 0, 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₂-C₄alkanoylamino, ureido, sulfamoyl, halogen, sulfo and carboxy,

R₇ is amino or N-mono- or N,N-di-C₁-C₄alkylamino,

R₁₅ is C₁-C₄alkyl, carboxy, unsubstituted C₁-C₄alkoxy or C₁-C₄alkoxy substituted by carboxy,

K is a phenyl radical, which is substituted by 0, 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, halogen, sulfo and carboxy, or is a naphthyl radical substituted by 1, 2 or 3 sulfo groups,

Z₂, Z₃, Z₄ and Z₅, each independently of the others, have the definitions given for Z₁,

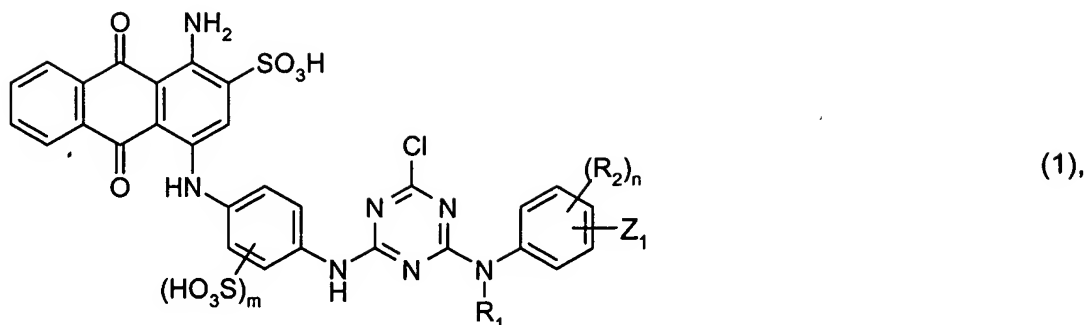
q is the number 0 or 1, and

r, s, t and v are each independently of the others the number 0, 1 or 2.

9. (original): A process according to claim 8, which comprises using at least one reactive dye of formula (1) together with a reactive dye of formula (6), wherein R₁, R₂, R₁₂, R₁₃, R₁₄, R₁₅, K, Z₁, Z₄, m, n and t are as defined in claim 8.

10. (currently amended): A process according to ~~either claim 8 or claim 9~~, wherein a natural or synthetic polyamide fibre material, ~~especially a synthetic polyamide fibre material~~, is dyed or printed.

11. (new): A process for dyeing or printing a hydroxyl-group-containing or nitrogen-containing fibre material, which comprises contacting said material with a tinctorially effective amount of at least one reactive dye of formula



wherein

R_1 is optionally substituted C_1 - C_4 alkyl,

R_2 is halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy or sulfo,

Z_1 is a radical of formula

$-\text{SO}_2-\text{Y}$ (2a),

$-\text{CO}-\text{NH}-(\text{CH}_2)_k-\text{SO}_2-\text{Y}$ (2b),

$-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}(\text{Hal})-\text{CH}_2-\text{Hal}$ (2c) or

$-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{C}(\text{Hal})=\text{CH}_2$ (2d)

wherein

Hal is chlorine or bromine,

Y is vinyl or a radical $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-\text{U}$ and U is a group removable under alkaline conditions,

k is the number 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6,

n is the number 0, 1 or 2 and

m is the number 0 or 1.

12. (new): A process according to claim 11, wherein a natural or synthetic polyamide fibre material is dyed or printed.

13. (new): A process according to claim 11, wherein a synthetic polyamide fibre material is dyed or printed.